



Washington State University









Hanu R. Pappu, Ph.D. Professor Dept. of Plant Pathology WSU-Pullman

Teaching:

- Graduate course in Plant Virology
- Graduate course in Molecular Genetics of Plant-Pathogen Interactions
- Senior undergrad course in General Plant Pathology 3.
- Junior undergrad course in Ag Food Systems 4.
- 5. Maymester course on ag biotechnology

Research:

Molecular basis of plant-virus interactions, characterization and control of viral diseases of crops Commodities: Vegetables, Legumes, and Ornamentals







Outline

- Symptoms associated with virus infections
- Virus testing program at WSU
- How to reduce the virus incidence

What are viruses?





Natural Cures for the Common Cold

CEROL TURKINGTON

Nowerful, Drug-Free Remedies Proven So Work

Viruses as Plant Pathogens

Virus:

- 1. <u>sub</u>microscopic: nm, Å (can not see them with a naked eye; not visible under an ordinary microscope)
- 2. infectious
- 3. replicate ONLY in living cells
- 1000+ viruses reported infecting plants

What do viruses want...

"Fungi and Bacteria are from Mars

Viruses are from Venus"

With apologies to John Gray

"If you want to understand a virus, you have to think like a virus" Dr. Phil Berger



Men are from GM, Women are from Ford Tom and Ray Magliozzi, Car Talk, NPR



Color-breaking in tulips 'Tulip mania' in Europe This condition is caused by virus infection

Jan Davidsz de Heem, 1645 Vase of Flowers

Viruses affect us, animals, and plants

Virus:

- 1. <u>sub</u>microscopic: nm, Å (can not see them with a naked eye; not visible under an ordinary microscope)
- 2. infectious
- 3. multiply ONLY in living cells



• 1000+ viruses reported infecting plants

Viruses: How do they look?



Too small to see with a naked eye or even by a microscope

Only by an electron microscope, at least 50,000 magnification



Shapes of Viruses





Shapes of viruses: Consists of 'inner' nucleic acid (RNA) surrounded by an 'outer' protein coat (similar to a we use)



What do viruses want...

"Fungi and Bacteria are from Mars Viruses are from Venus"

With apologies to John Gray

"If you want to understand a virus, you have to think like a virus" Dr. Phil Berger



Men are from GM, Women are from Ford Tom and Ray Magliozzi, Car Talk, NPR

Typical symptoms caused by virus infections

• The most common type of symptoms is MOSAIC (=alternating islands of dark green and light green patches)



Tomato spotted wilt virus in tobacco



Tomato spotted wilt virus in peanut



Albert Culbreath

Commonly seen viruses in gardens (there are dozens of them!)

- Tomato spotted wilt virus
- Impatiens necrotic spot virus
- Cucumber mosaic virus
- Dahlia mosaic virus
- Tobacco streak virus
- Tobacco rattle virus

Mosaic by Dahlia mosaic virus (similar symptoms are also caused by Cucumber mosaic virus



Chlorosis (=yellowing) by Dahlia mosaic virus



Veinal chlorosis (yellowing or loss of 'green' along the veins) Dahlia mosaic virus (moderate on left; severe on right)



Systemic chlorosis: entire plant is symptomatic Dahlia mosaic virus



Severe stunting, chlorosis, mottling

Dahlia mosaic virus



Severe stunting, chlorosis, mottling by Dahlia mosaic virus (right). Healthy plant on the left.



Stunting of new growth: Cucumber mosaic virus



'Fanleaf' symptom by Tomato spotted wilt virus







'Fanleaf' symptom by Tomato spotted wilt virus



Concentric ringspots Impatiens necrotic spot virus



Ring spots/Netting : Tomato spotted wilt virus



Ring spots/Netting : Tomato spotted wilt virus



Virus Testing





Walk-in cold room (4°C)



Refrigerators and minus

ISOTEMP

Laminar Flow Bench: Sterile area for DNA and RNA work

rie.

This Hood is

















Composites of 25 samples can be processed at a time

MITTERNIN ST

CE





Thank you, Mr. Jim Chuey !!!

